

Ghorahi Sub-Metropolitancy Level Basic Level (Class 8) Examination 2081

Class : 8

F.M. : 50

Subject : Compulsory English

Time : 2 hours

1. Read the following text and do the activity given below. (5)

People have moved from one place to another since the begining of history. There are varieties of purposes for their movement. When they go to a new place for just a short visit, they are usually called tourists. If people move to another place with the intention of living there, it is called migration. People who move from one place to another in search of work or shelter are called migrants. Many people plan to live in a new country for a long period of time. They want to become citizen of the new country. Since the trend of moving to a new country for better opportunities is increasing, the number of migrants will surely rise in the years ahead.

There are two factors that cause migration. They are termed as push and pull factors. Pull factors attract migrants to the country of destination such as oppoertunities for better employment, higher wages, facilities, better working conditions, and others. Push factors drive people to leave their place and go to some other palces or countries.

A. Fill in the blanks. (5x1=5)

- a) People have moved from one place to another since the of history.
- b) When people go to a new place for just a short visit are called
- c) People who move from one place to another in search of are called migrants.
- d) People want to become of the new country.
- e) factors attract migrants to the country of destination.

2. Read the given text and do the activity that follow. (5)

Nobel Prizes are given every year to persons who have made excellent contribution in the fiel of physics, chemistry and physiology or medicine, also to persons who have created the most outstanding literary work and who have made great contribution towards world peace. The Nobel Prize for economic sciences was started in 1969. Other Nobel Prizes were established in 1901.

The name in whose name of the Nobel Prizes were established was Alfred Nobel, a Swedish chemist. He was born in Stockholm on 21 October 1833. His father Immanuel Nobel was a scientist. Alfred Nobel had his education at St. Petersburg in Russia and in Stockholm.

He contributed his whole life to the field of science. The discovery of dynamite enabled Nobel to become rich and get fame as days passed.

Alfred Nobel died on 10 December 1896 at the age of 63. He left behind a fabulous sum of \$9.2 million as a foundation for the Nobel Prizes. The amount of each prize varies according to the interest from the fund.

A. Write 'True' for the true statements and 'False' for false statements. (5x1=5)

- a) The Nobel Prize for economic sciences was started in 1969. T
- b) The Nobel Prize is named after the name of Alfred Aldrin. F
- c) The discovery of dynamite enabled Nobel to become rich and get fame. T
- d) Alfred Nobel left behind a fabulous sum of \$8.2 million as a foundation for the Nobel Prizes. F
- e) The amount of each prize varies according to the interest from the fund. T

3. Read the following text and do the activity given below. (5)

Once upon a time, there lived a bird and her two newly hatched nestlings in a forest. They had a nest in a tall shady tree where the mother bird took care of her little ones day and night.

One day, there was a big storm. There was thunder, lightening, and rain. The wind blew down many trees. The tall tree in which the birds lived also fell down. A big heavy branch hit the nest and killed the mother bird. Fortunately, the nestlings were not killed but the strong wind blew them away to the other side of the forest. One of them came down near a cave where a gang of robbers lived. The other landed outside a hermitage where an old cultured hermit resided. Both places were close to each other.

Days passed and the nestlings became big birds. One day, the king of the country came to the forest for hunting. He saw a deer and rode after it. It ran deep into the forest followed by the king. Soon, the king lost his way. He could not come out of the forest because he did not know where he was.

A. Answer the following questions. (5x1=5)

- i) Where did the birds have their nest?
- ii) What happened to the tall tree?
- iii) How was the mother bird killed?
- iv) Where did the baby birds go after the storm broke their nest?
- v) How did the king lose his way?

4. Read the following news story and do the activities that follow.(10)

Plane Crashes at Borletar

By RSS

Lamjung, 15 March: A twin otter plane flying from Kathmandu to Pokhara crashed at Borletar early this morning killing all aboard.

It is known that the plane hit the TV tower at Borletar and fell straight to the ground with thick mass of fume.

The officials at NAC conform that the plane was carrying 15 research students including 2 crew members who were heading for Pokhara to study on Mountain tourism. They further reported that the cause of the accident was poor visibility as the sky at the area was covered with exceptionally thick cloud.

One of the local people who saw the crash said, "I heard a big bang in the beginning and looked up to find a smoky plane falling down like a shot bird! The plane immediately turned into a big mass of fire and subsequently into a heap of ashes."

Issuing a press report, the Ministry of Civil Aviation has expressed its deep condolences to the relatives of the deceased ones and has announced to compensation of Rs. 5,00,000 to the family of each dead passenger.

Further investigation about the crash is underway.

A. Choose the best answer and complete the following sentences. (5x1=5)

- a) The news is prepared in
- i) Kathmandu ii) Borletar iii) Lamjung iv) Pokhara
- b) People could see when the plane fell on the ground.
- i) Flame ii) Smoke iii) Pieces of plane iv) terrified people
- c) The plane crash killed at least people.
- i) 15 ii) 2 iii) 17 iv) 12
- d) The plane was flying from
- i) Pokhara to Kathmandu ii) Kathmandu to Borletar
iii) Borletar to Kathmandu iv) Kathmandu to Pokhara
- e) The investigation about the crash
- i) is completed ii) isn't started iii) has started iv) is going on

B. Answer the following questions.

(5x1=5)

- a) When did the accident take place?
- b) Who were travelling on the plane?
- c) What did the local people see?
- d) Why did the accident happen?
- e) What has the government announced?

5. Punctuate the following text. (10x0.5=5)

the day came when the boy was to leave for his grandparents house alone. his parents came with the boy to see him off. When the boy was comfortably settled in his berth in the train his parents left and waited for the train to depart. While waiting the father went to the window and kept talking to his son While talking, his father handed him an envelope through the window and said "son, if you feel afraid or scared on the way, open this and read it. It will help you to calm down.

6. Develop a readable story from the outlines given below and give a suitable title and moral too. (5)

A thirsty crow flies here and there for water finds a jar in a garden but little water at the bottom makes a plan drops pebbles one after another water rises up drinks the water moral.

7. Suppose you live in a beautiful village. Write a letter to your friend describing about your village. (10)

8. Rewrite the following sentences as indicated in the brackets. (2.5)

- a) Let's have a fun, (Supply the correct question tag)
- b) She is doing homework. (Change into passive voice)
- c) Stop! Somebody (call) your name frequently. (Supply correct verb form)
- d) They have bought some apples. (Change into negative)
- e) He said to me "Where are you going today?" (Change into indirect speech)

9. Rewrite the following passage choosing the correct option given in the brackets. (2.5)

Once I was travelling (in, through, towards) the forest, I saw an old leopard. I was frightened of it. (A, An, The) leopard stared at me. My heart was freezing. What would you do if you (are, were, had been) there. The scene made me(cry, to cry, crying). I would request all the travellers to be careful while travelling through the jungle (because, because of, therefore) there is always risk of wild animals. ✓

-Good luck-